



# “Comparison between ropeway systems and other public transport systems - the example of Toulouse”



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# Toulouse

## Presentation





**OITAF**  
Bozen/Bolzano  
Congress 2017

# Toulouse

## City of excellence



Spencer, robot européen, un des sujets d'étude sur l'interaction robot-humain au LAAS-CNRS à Toulouse.  
Spencer, a European robot, one of the subjects of a study on human-robot interaction at the LAAS-CNRS laboratory in Toulouse





*tisséo*



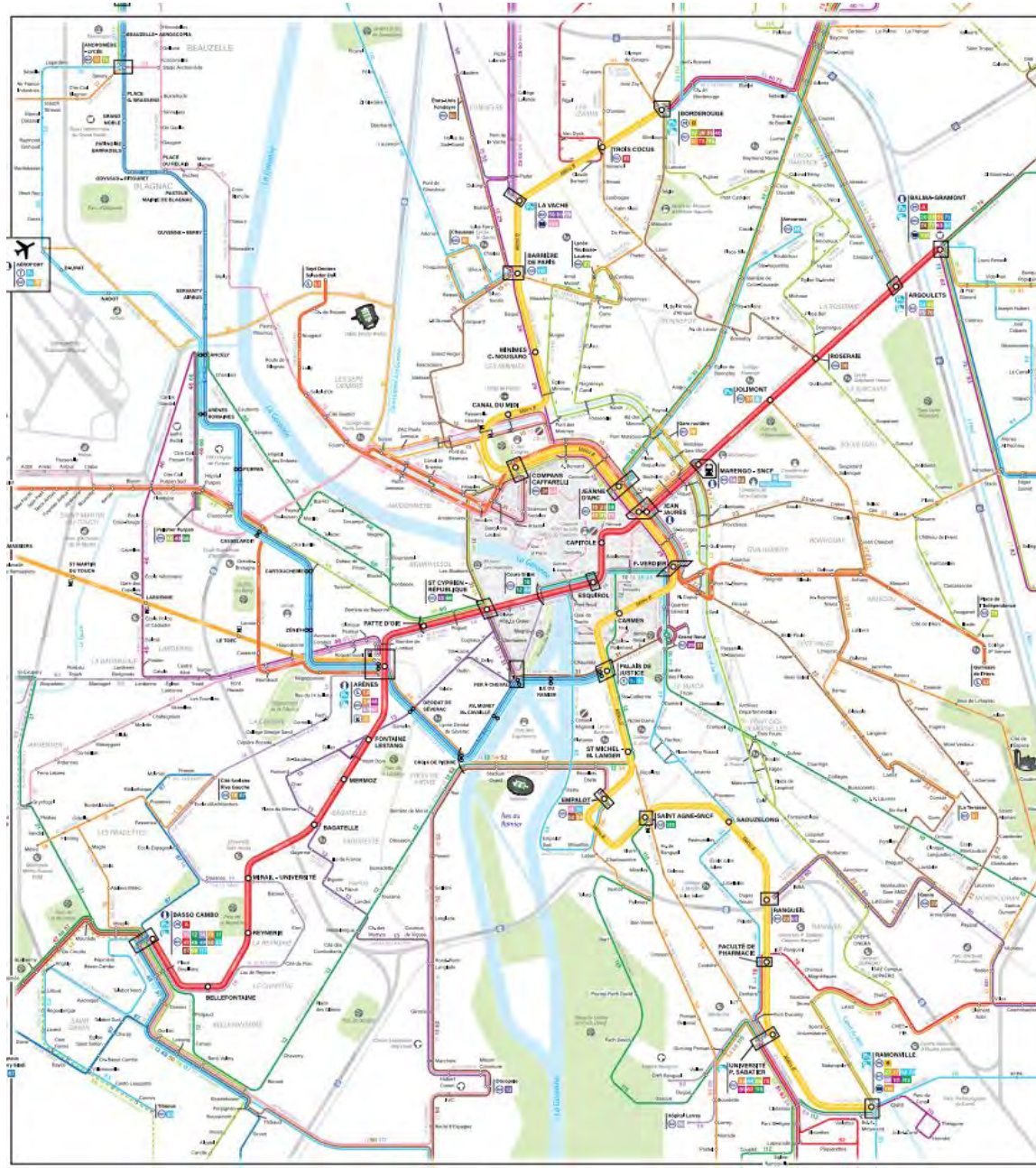
2 lines 27 km  
More than 400 000 trips per day



2 lines 16 km  
More than 40 000 trips per day



95 lines  
More than 240 000 trips per day



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Congress 2017

# Toulouse Public Transport



**COVOITURAGE**  
UN SERVICE TISSÉO

Carpooling



**citiz**  
TOULOUSE Carsharing



Pastel Ticketing system



Mobility Agency



- Toulouse is one of the most dynamic and attractive metropolitan area in France, for economy, housing and studies:
- + 15 000 new inhabitants per year,
- + 150 000 new employments over last 20 years.

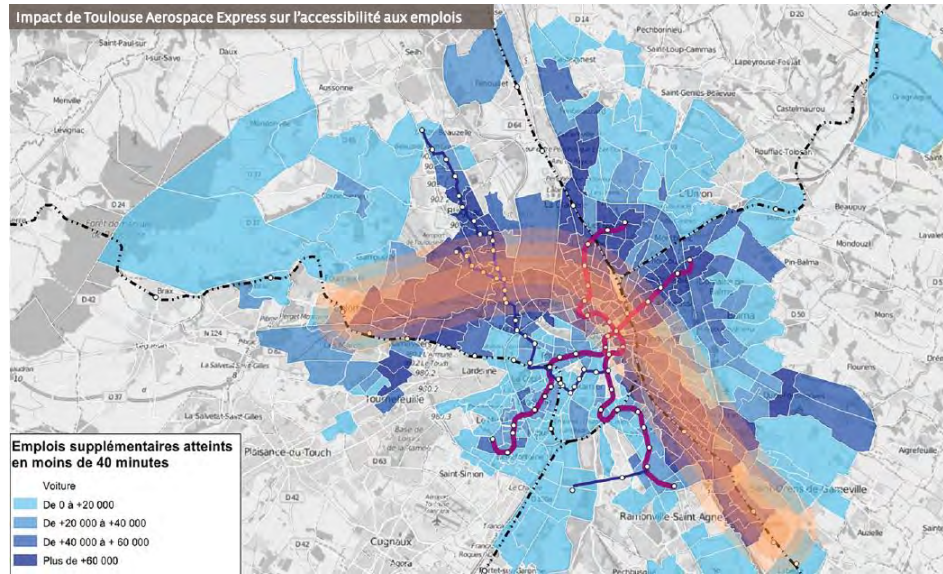
**BUT...**

66,000 private sector jobs are not to date covered by public transport facilities, most of them are part of the Aerospace Valley world competitiveness cluster

**We have three major objectives for the future:**

- Reinforce accessibility to the metropolitan area of Toulouse,
- Maintain the attractiveness of business and employment areas,
- Organize the mobility conditions in the perspective of an sustained growth.

**500 000 new daily trips at horizon 2025**



**Toulouse Aerospace Express: a 3rd line of metro**  
 The major diagonal for the economy, innovation and quality of life: covering **one of every two jobs of the Greater Toulouse**



**Toulouse**  
 Looking to the future





One « *Projet Mobilités* » for major Investment



3 billions of Euros to be invested in public transport at horizon 2030

• Current main projects are :

- Doubling of the Line A capacity
- An High Performance Bus network named Lineo (10 new lines)
- The South belt with the implementation of an innovative Cable Car system
- Toulouse Aerospace Express, 3rd line of metro
- + 4G in metro



# Toulouse

Future of public transport



*Business and employment area to deserve ...*

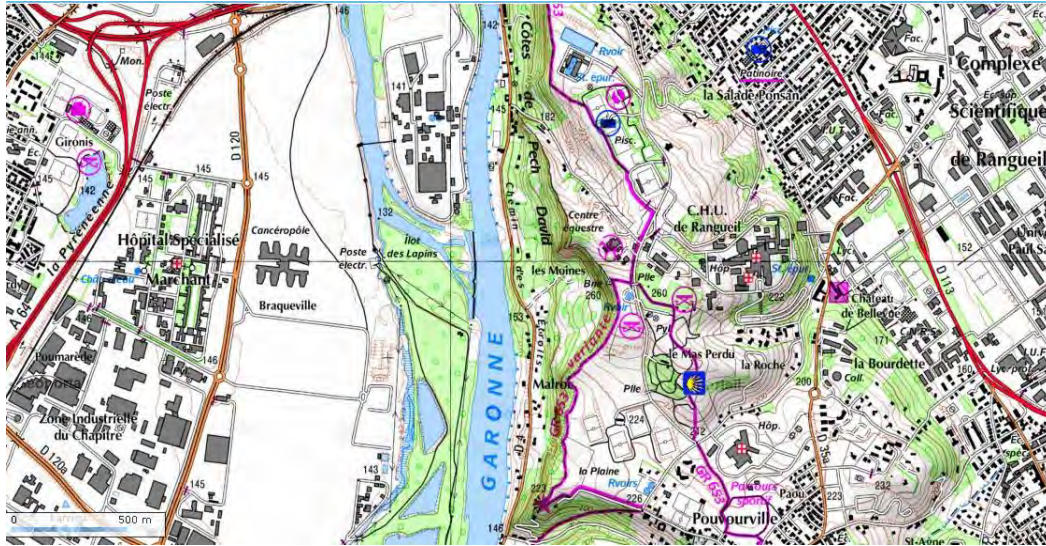


*... in a constrained area*



Rangueil Hospital  
230 000 consultations / year

# Toulouse Project Area



Rangueil Sciences Campus  
27 000 students and 4 000  
teachers / searchers / staff



Oncopole  
Research and treatment  
center against cancer  
More than 3 000 jobs



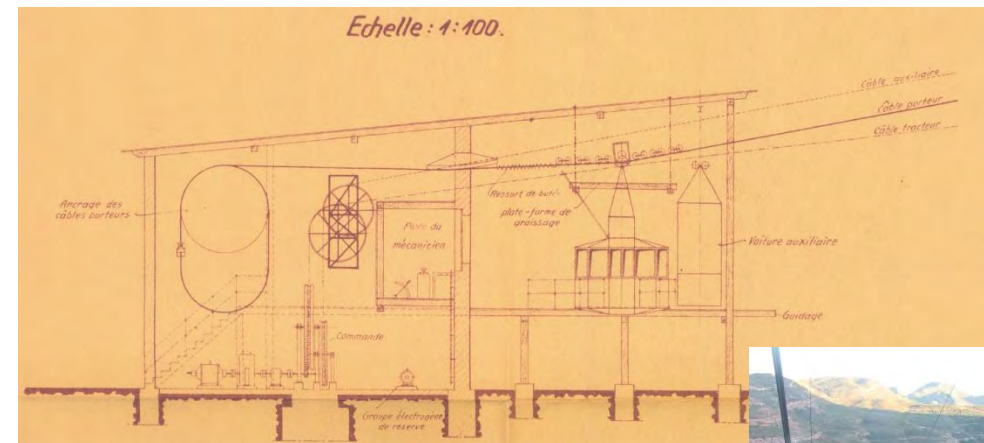


Jaussely Plan  
1926-1928

# Road projects

## From the 1920's

When cable car project in Toulouse were  
just for leisure  
(studied by Bleichert / Zuegg in 1936)



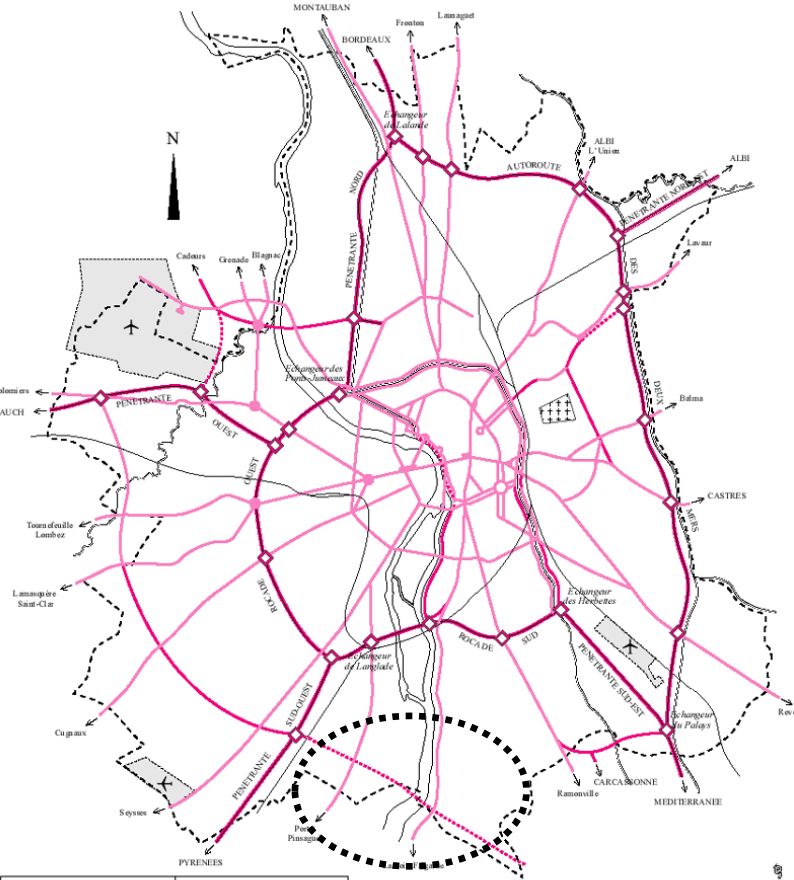
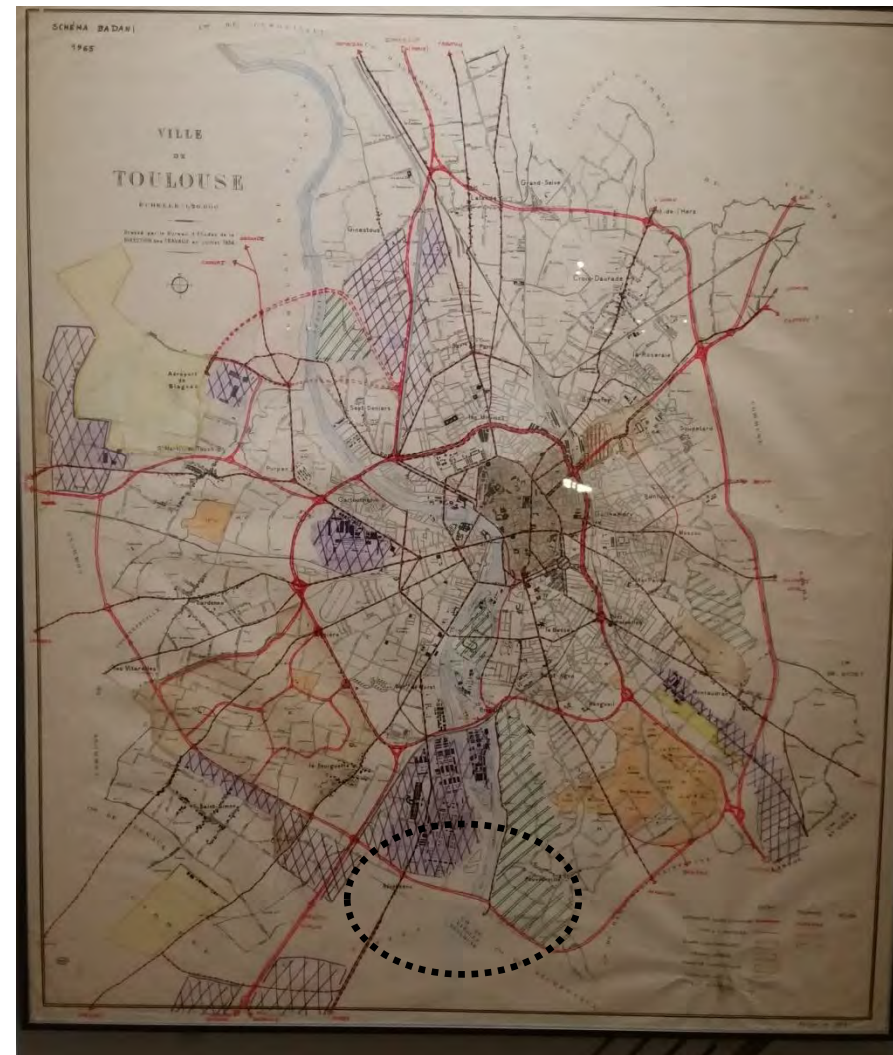




# Road projects

## During the 1960-1970's

With little consideration for patrimony and nature



VOIRIE A DOUBLE CHAUSSEE	voies ferrées
— existantes	◇ échangeurs
VOIRIE A CHAUSSEE UNIQUE	✈ aérodrômes
— existantes en 1965	⊕+⊕+ canalisations
— existantes depuis	
— restant à construire	

Badani Scheme 1965



Realisation Edith Glasinger

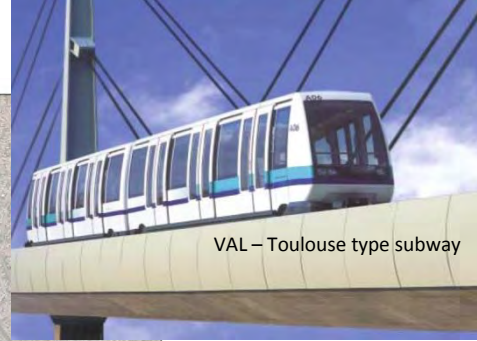
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Some were achieved ... but not all of them



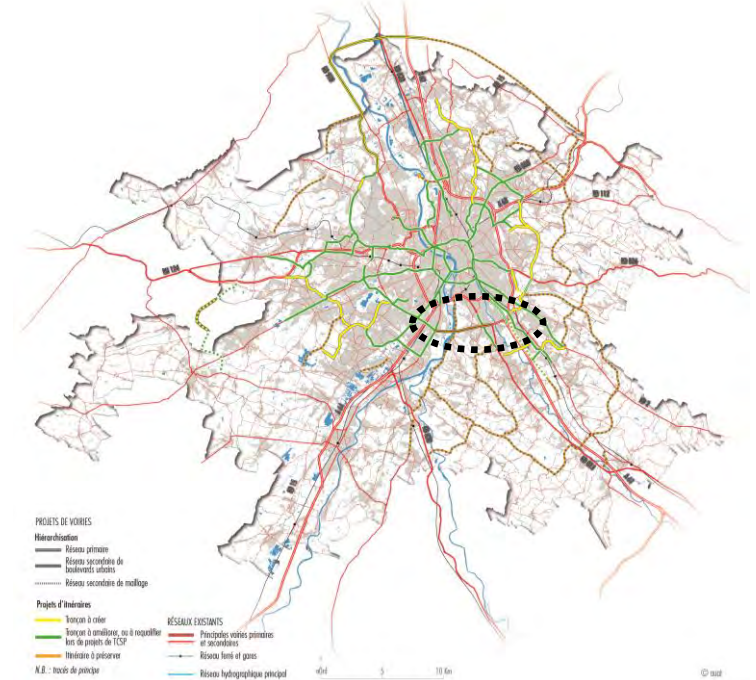
# Public Transport projects

## Studies from 2006



LOHR – Clermont Ferrand / *Clermont Ferrand Wheel Light Rail*

Even if road projects were not abandoned

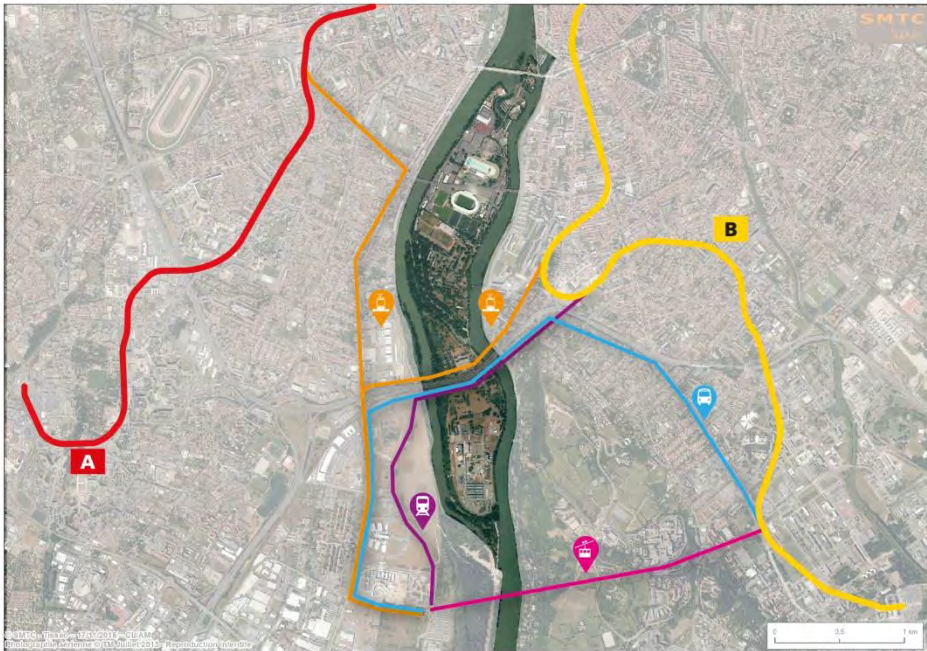


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# Public Transport projects

## Studied in details



### Les scénarios testés

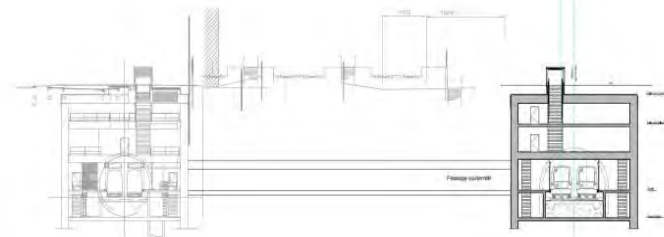
- Scénario 1
  - Ligne A à Arènes
  - Mode tramway (prolongement de la ligne E)
  - 10 stations dont 5 sur le Cancéropôle
  - Variante - Test de sensibilité à la contrainte de stationnement sur le secteur Cancéropôle
- Scénario 2
  - Ligne B à Empalot
  - Mode tramway
  - 10 stations dont 5 sur le Cancéropôle
- Scénario 3
  - Ligne B à Niel (nouvelle station sur ligne B)
  - Mode métro léger
  - 5 stations dont 3 sur le Cancéropôle
- Scénario 4
  - Ligne B à Université P. Sabatier
  - Mode télécabine
  - 4 stations dont 2 sur le Cancéropôle



Traffic studies

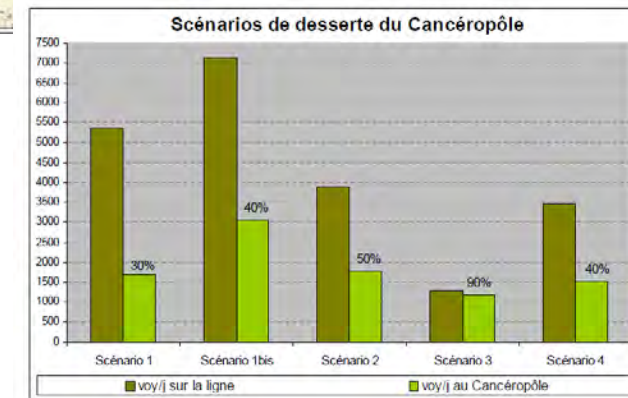


Light rail



Subway

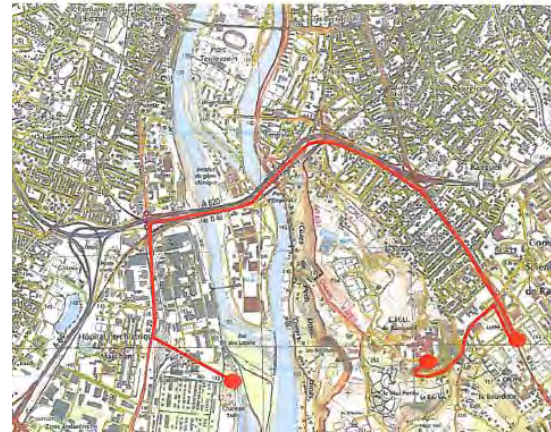
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# Public Transport projects

## Studies in 2010 - 2011



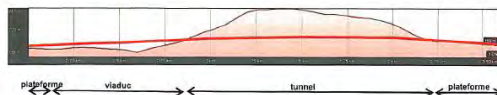
Tracé mode tramway

Bus with dedicated lanes



Profil mode tramway

Light rail



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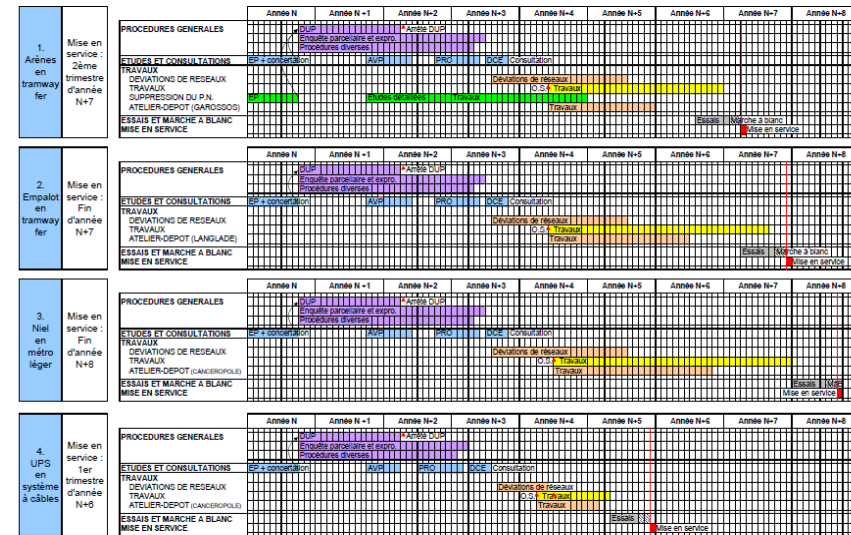
Cable car technologies



	Téléphérique (Cable Car)	Tramway (Light Rail)	Bus (Bus with dedicated lanes)	Funiculaires (Funiculars)
Longueur (Length)	2 600 m	3 000 m	7 500 m	1 700 et 900 m
Station Oncopole (Oncopole Station)	En élévation (in elevation) 50 x 20 m H = 8 m	Plateforme en léger remblai (Platform with light bank) 30 x 12 m	Plateforme (Platform) 20 x 12 m	En viaduc (viaduct) 30 x 20 m H = 8 m
Station CHU (Hospital Station)	En élévation (in elevation) 75 à 100 x 20 m H = 3 m	En tunnel (in tunnel) 40 x 60 x 20 m Profondeur (depth) 100 m	Plateforme (Platform) 20 x 12 m	En viaduc (viaduct) 60 à 80 x 20 m H = 0 m
Station Université (University Station)	En élévation (in elevation) 50 x 20 m H = 8 m	Plateforme (Platform) 30 x 12 m	Plateforme (Platform) 20 x 12 m	En viaduc (viaduct) 30 x 20 m H = 8 m
Ouvrages (works)	5 pylônes (5 pylons)	Viaduc (viaduct) 800 m Tunnel (tunnel) 1 400 m	Site propre (dedicated lanes) Viaduc (viaduct) 1 200 m	Viaduc (viaduct) 2 600 m
Véhicules (vehicules)	20 cabines de 35 places (20 cabins of 35 persons)	7 rames de 30 m (7 30 m long trains)	12 bus de 18 m (12 18 m long buses)	4 véhicules de 80 places (4 80 places vehicules)
Capacité système (system capacity)	1 500 voy/h/sens (travelers per hour per direction)	2 200 voy/h/sens (travelers per hour per direction)	1 200 voy/h/sens (travelers per hour per direction)	900 à 1 200 voy/h/sens (travelers per hour per direction)
Fréquence (Frequency)	1.5 minutes	5 minutes	5 minutes	5 minutes
Temps parcours (Travel Time)				
Oncopole - UPS	10 minutes	5 minutes	20 minutes	10 minutes
Oncopole - CHU	5 minutes	2.5 minutes	25 minutes	5 minutes
CHU - UPS	4 minutes	2 minutes	5 minutes	3.5 minutes
Coût investissement (invest Cost)	41 M€	250 M€	120 M€	155 M€
Coût d'exploitation annuel (Annual operation costs)	1.2 M€	2.8 M€	5 M€	1.5 à 2 M€
Insertion	Pylônes and câbles Stations en élévation (Pylons and cables Elevated station)	Bonne (good) Problème station CHU profonde (issue with Hospital station depth)	Nombreuses acquisitions (property acquisitions); Insertion très délicate route de Narbonne (Narbonne street narrow)	Viaduc (viaduct)
Impacts	Emprise au sol limitée aux gares et pylônes (very little footprint)	Difficulté de réalisation du tunnel en terrains instables (Hard to build tunnel with unstable ground)	Emprise site propre à libérer délicate route de Narbonne (lot of properties on Narbonne Street)	Fondations profondes dans le versant instable (deep bedrock on the unstable side of the hill)

# Comparison between modes

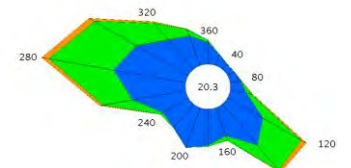
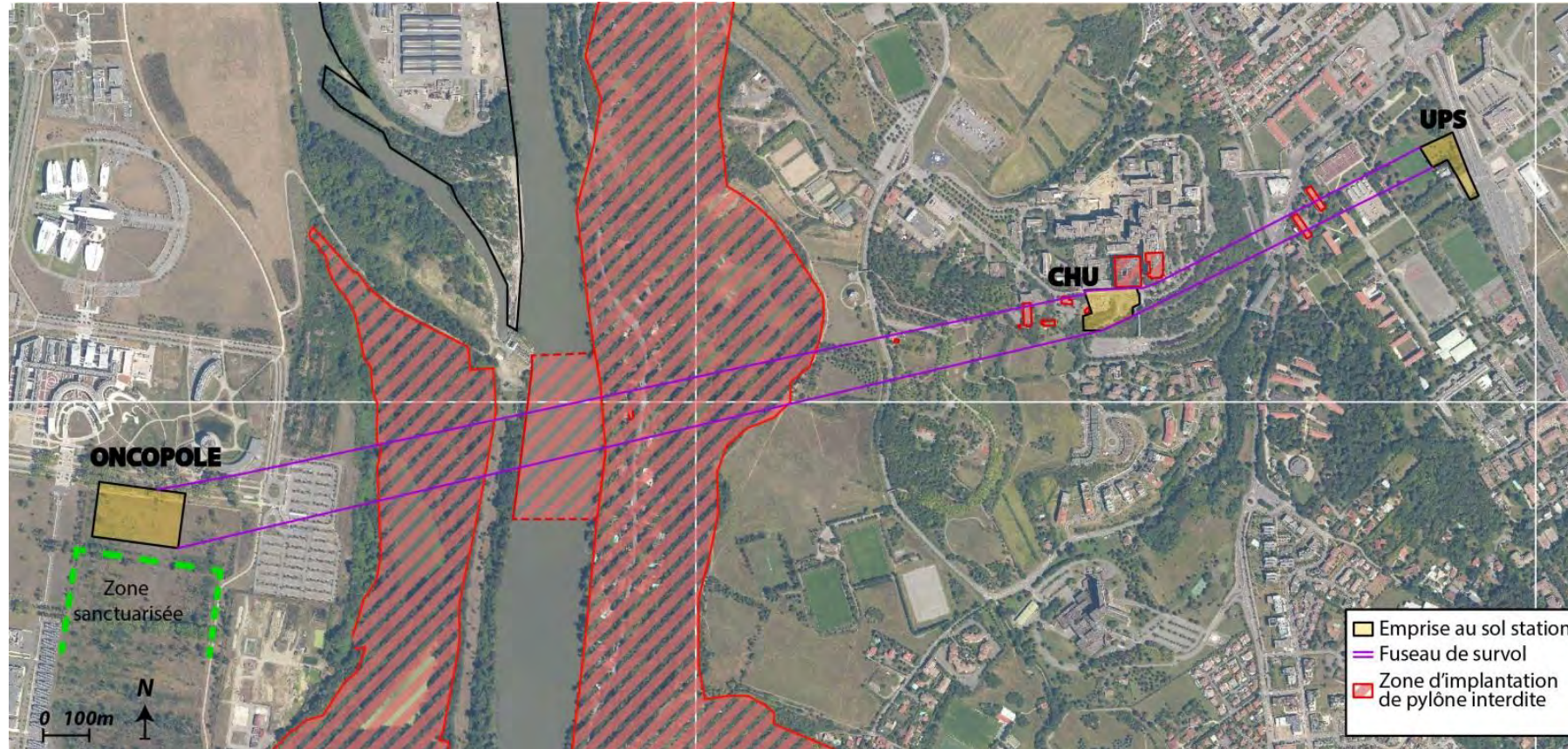
## Cable car is the cheapest and fastest to build





# Cable car project

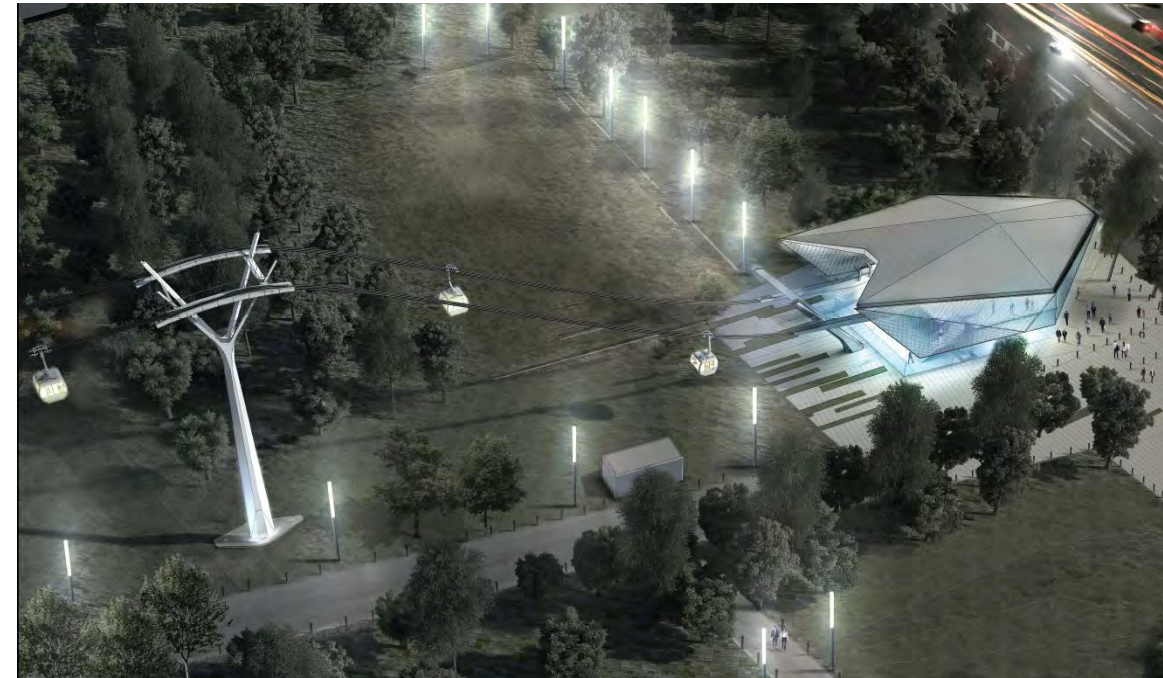
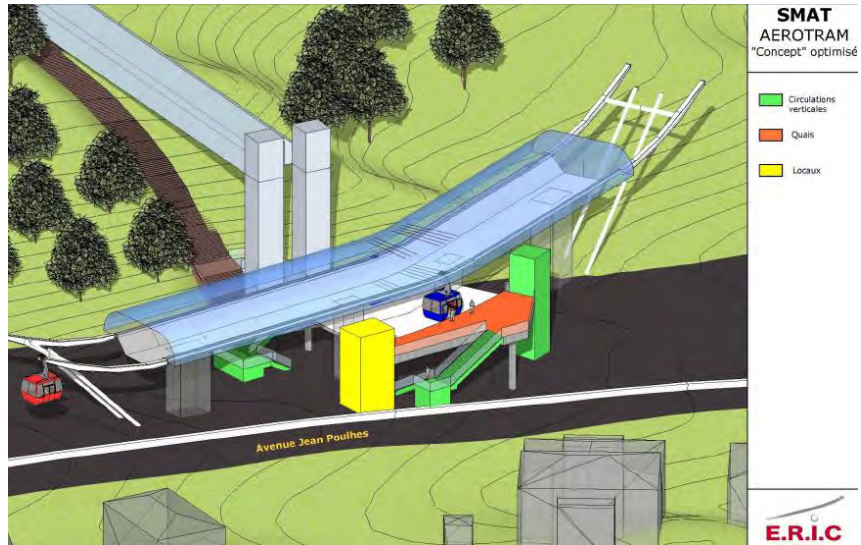
## Constraints





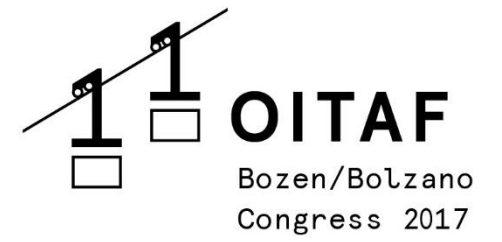
# Cable car project

## The studies





Proiet 3S / 3S project © PPA



# Cable car project

## The studies



Proiet Monocâble / Single-cable project © POMA





# Le Téléphérique Urbain Sud

To come by the end of 2019



Groupement POMA

